













LU1030T030 Industrial Laser Diode

Up to 3W Operation Power @ 1030nm / 50µm fiber



The multi mode fiber pigtailed flat pin laser diode module contains an optimized GaAs substrate based quantum well high power laser diode. The extremely stringent reliability requirements are achieved through our patent pending innovative technology. This includes careful design, exactly defined manufacturing and extensive testing. The qualification contains a set of optoelectronic, thermal and mechanical tests. Each laser diode module is individually serialized for traceability and is shipped with a specified set of test data

Features & Functions:

- Wavelength 1030nm
- 50µm core, NA 0.22 fiber
- Hermetically sealed single emitter
- Anode / cathode isolated from base
- Direct modulation up to 100 MHz

Benefits:

- Ultra long lifetime
- Burn-in tested
- Cost-effective
- Robust design
- Easy to mount

Applications:

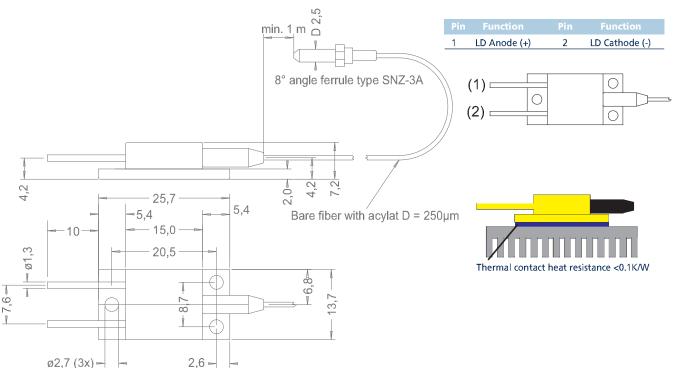
- Printing
- Pumping
- Materials processing

We manufacture diode lasers.

- Illumination
- Medical laser treatment

Module Drawing (dimensions in mm)

Pin Connections





Electrical and Optical Characteristics Typical laser specifications at 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Unit		
Output power c.w.	Pop (c.w.)	3	W		
Peak wavelength at Pop	I _{peak}	1030 +/-10	nm		
Spectral width (FWHM)	λεwhm	9	nm		
Threshold current	lth	250-300	mA		
Operating current	lop	4.5	А		
Operating voltage	V _{op}	1.5	V		
Rise and fall time	tr	20	nsec		
Connector type (*optional)		APC ferrule (*SMA,	APC ferrule (*SMA, FC/APC, FC/PC connector)		
Heat resistance LD to bottom of base plate	R _H	3.5	K/W		
Power conversion efficiency		50	%		
Recommended case temperature	Top	20 - 30	°C		
Wavelength shift vs. temperature		0.35	nm / K		
Wavelength shift vs. power		2	nm/W		
Fiber Specifications					
Fiber core diameter		50	μm		
Fiber numerical aperture	NA	0.22			
Fiber cladding diameter		125	μm		
Fiber buffer diameter		250	μm		

Application Note:

Fiber length

Min. bend radius

(1) For pulsed operation max peak power can be 1.2xPop if pulse time is <5µsec and average power is lower than Pop (c.w.)

Short / Long Term

(2) Keep the heat sink at <= 35°. The heat sink should have a flatness of better than 0.02mm and a roughness grade not less than N7 (i.e. Ra=1.6µm)

min. 1

>15/>30

m

mm

- (3) A conductive material between TO-220 laser diode module and the module base is highly recommended. The thermally conductive material should have a sufficient thickness and elasticity to compensate for the non-planarity between the module base and the heat sink surface
- 4) Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can lead to latent or catastrophic failure of a multimode laser diode module
- 5) The power supply should have a transient suppression and an over-voltage protection. Before connecting the module to the power supply and during Power-off the power supply output should be short circuited
- (6) By no means should the fiber be touched by hot solder because this can lead to lower output performance and reliability. During the soldering process the fiber temperature should always be below 85°C
- (7) The limits for the bending radius prevents mechanical cracks. The bending radius limit for the optical power loss is higher. Please take into account a possible output power reduction of up to 2% below a bending radius of 500(1000) x core diameter for NA 0.22(0.15).
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 (8) The intensity profile at the fiber end facet and the far field ex fiber may vary between a gaussian shape and a donut shape.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Storage Temperature	T _{max}	-30	80	°C
Operating Case Temp.	Top, case temp.	-10	70	°C
Pin Soldering Temp max 10sec.	T _{pin, soldering}		250	°C
LD forward current c.w.	lop, max		6	Α
LD reverse voltage	V _{R, max}		2	V
Rel. humidity		0	85	%

Note

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings may be applied to the laser module for short period of time only. Exposure to maximum ratings for extended period of time or exposure above one or more max ratings may cause damage or affect the reliability of the device

(2) Improper pin bending can crack the glass sealing between pin and the package and hermeticity of the package may be lost and may damage the laser diode by humidity level below the dew point inside the package. If pin bending is necessary pins must be fixed mechanically over a short length in the original flat position such that the bending force is absorbed by a mechanical fixing tool (claw etc.).

User Safety





