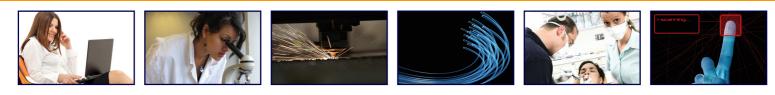
# Member of **Scansonic** Group



# LuOcean P2

LU09xxC Diode Laser

### Up to 270 W c.w. Operating Power @ 915 nm, 940 nm or 976 nm



Features & Functions:

- Wavelength 915, 940 or 976 nm
- Burn-in tested single emitters
- Fiber: 105, 200, 400 or 600 µm
- **SMA905**
- Sealed housing
- **Temperature sensor**

A2

1

2

3

Δ

5

6

7

8

9 10

A1

A2

A3

### Options:

- Power monitor
- Fiber sensor
- Red or green pilot laser
- Water cooling plate
- Backreflection filter

### Module Drawing (Dimensions in mm)

54321

2nd LM35 signal or NTC or PT100/1000 \*

2nd LM35 5V or NTC or PT100/1000 \*

1st LM35 signal or NTC or PT100/1000 \*

1st LM35 5V or NTC or PT100/1000

Pilot laser 8 V (green) or 5 V (red) \*

or pilot power control (0-5)V \*

or signal internal fiber sensor

or internal fiber sensor 12V \*

1st and 2nd LM35 (GND1)

Monitor diode cathode

Monitor diode (GND1) Internal fiber sensor (GND1)

Monitor diode signal 2 \*

Monitor diode signal 1 \*

Laser diode cathode (-)

Pilot laser (GND2)

Laser diode (+)

N.C.

\* Optional

0<sub>10</sub>09080706

#### Description:

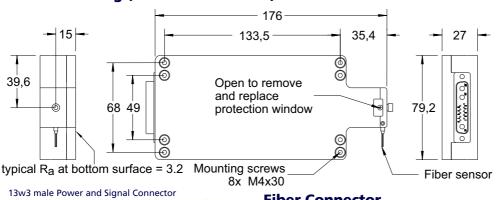
The Luocean™ P2 Diode Laser series offers OEM integrators an excellent product to manufacture state-ofthe-art end user laser systems. The easy integration and safe use of these laser components give the chance to be cost-efficient in development and manufacturing. Equipped with several accessories and features the Lumics diode lasers comply with CE & ROHS requirements. Lumics warranties highest reliability single emitter technology through careful design, extensive burn-in, long life-time & thermal testing.

#### Benefits:

- Small foot print
- Ultra long lifetime
- Cost effective
- **High efficiency**
- Protective exit window option

#### Applications:

- Pumping
- Illumination
- Medical treatment

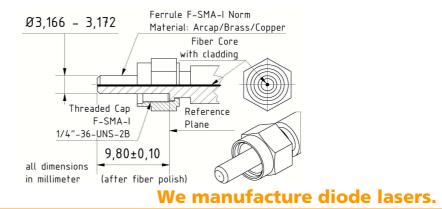


### **Fiber Connector**

(1) Lumics laser diode fiber coupling technology ensures loss into the fiber cladding of <2% of the total power if the fiber centricity is below 10µm and ferrule diameter and distance of the fiber end facet to the reference plane complies with shown technical drawing. Use a fiber microscope to check for dust free fiber end facet and fiber centricity.

(2) Free standing fibers suffer from higher risk of fiber damage to the fiber tip due to mechanical stress by handling and the fiber end facet can not be polished as simple as for not free standing fibers.

(3) For more information see http://www.lumics.de/wp-content/uploads/lu\_fiber\_patchcords.pdf



### **Electrical and Optical Characteristics**

Typical laser specifications at 25° C \*

LU0915C, LU0940C and LU0975C								
Maximum output power (1) c	w.	Pop	45	160	240	270	W	
Operating current (2) c	.w.	l <sub>op</sub>	11.0	16	24	27	Α	
Absolut maximum forward current (2) c	.w.	I <sub>max</sub>	11.5	16.7	25	28	Α	
Peak wavelength at lop (6) L	.U0915C	λ	915 ±10	915 ±10	915 ±10	915 ±10	nm	
	.U0940C	λ	940 ±10	940 ±10	940 ±10	940 ±10	nm	
L	.U0976C	λ	976 ±10	976 ±10	976 ±10	976 ±10	nm	
Spectral width (FWHM) Id	ор	Δλ	2-7	2-7	2-7	2-7	nm	
Threshold current (typical)		l <sub>th</sub>	0.7	1	2.2	2.6	А	
Operating voltage (maximum)		V <sub>f</sub>	9.5	21	21	21	V	
Conversion efficiency (maximum)			42	42	42	42	%	
Wavelength tuning vs. temperature		λ/Τ	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	nm/l	
Wavelength tuning vs. operating current		λ/Ι	1	0.6	0.5	0.5	nm//	
Weight		m	1200	1200	1200	1200	g	
Thermal resistance (bottom to temp. sensor)		R <sub>th</sub>	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	K/W	
Output fiber (SMA905)								
Core diameter of output fiber (minimum)		d <sub>core</sub>	105 **	200	400	600	μm	
Fiber centricity			± 5	± 10	± 10	± 10	μm	
Numerical aperture		NA	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22	· · ·	
Temperature sensor		LM35, NTC (10k) or PT100/1000 (please specify)						
Power monitor		PD	5-30	5-30	5-30	5-30	mV/	
Options								
Option 1: Red pilot laser								
C.w. output power min. value (4)		P <sub>pilot</sub>	1-3	1-3	1-3	1-3	mW	
Peak wavelength		λ <sub>pilot</sub>	635 ± 10	635 ± 10	635 ± 10	635 ± 10	nm	
Operating voltage		pilot	5	5	5	5	V	
Option 2: Green pilot laser				-	-			
C.w. output power min. value (4)		P <sub>pilot</sub>	1-2	1-2	1-2	1-2	mW	
Peak wavelength		λ <sub>pilot</sub>	520 ± 10	520 ± 10	520 ± 10	520 ± 10	nm	
Operating voltage		Pllot	8	8	8	8	V	
Pilot power control		P <sub>pilot_contr</sub>	0-5	0-5	0-5	0-5	v	
Option 3: Water cooling base plate w/o cap		· phot_contr						
Recommended water temperature		т	<18	<18	<15	<15	°C	
Minimum water flux (Industrial Water, no DI-wa	ater)	•	0.3	1.5	2.0	2.4	l/mi	
Option 4: Fiber sensor					2.0			
Internal (resistive) fiber detection sensor supply	voltage			12		V		
A second fiber sensor is an external inductive se		hree wire ca			iber is plug/pot plu	•		
Option 5: 1064nm backreflection filter (35dB c			18	18	18	18	dB	

Notes: \* taken at internal temperature sensor, Laser wavelength between 880nm and 920nm require an AR <0.7% (+10nm around peak wavelength) coated fiber facet or end cap on fiber facet module side or power reduction of 30%. Avoid direct feedback from materials like mirrors, optics, processed material etc. back into laser module via the fiber cable by more than 10%.

\*\* LuOcean P2 in 105 µm fiber is supplied either in combination with water cooling base plate (option 3) or with a copper base plate for cooled and uncoooled operation

(1) Power is measured ex fiber according to given fiber specifications including measures and tolerances of fiber and ferrules for uncoated fiber facets (exception see \*).

(2) Do not exceed maximum forward current by more than 5% above given operating current and if given by the maximum current otherwise the laser folder may be damaged. (3) Rule of thumb: Power ex fiber decreases up to 5% (<1100nm) and up to 7% (>1400nm) every 10 °C temperature increase at internal temperature sensor. Lifetime decreases

by about factor of two every 10 °C. Required flatness of customer heat sink 0.05mm over 150mm to achieve necessary contact to the heat sink.

(4) Red and green minimum pilot power is set at factory by customer request. Standard is 1 mW.

(5) Back reflection at 1064nm is considered as 10ns pulse with 5% d.c. max. Back reflection filter reduces power by 2% (18dB) or 4% (35dB).

Calculation example of necessary water temperature for 100 W output power:

Thermal load = Output power \* (1/conversion efficiency - 1), Water temperature = internal temperature - thermal load \* Thermal resistance

Example: Output power: 100 W, Conversion efficiency: 0.4, Thermal resistance: 0.07 K/W, Internal temperature: 25 °C

Thermal load = 100 W \* (1/0.4 - 1) = 150 W, Water temperature = 25 °C - 150 W \* 0.07 K/W = 15 °C, (water flux must be adjusted accordingly)

## We manufacture diode lasers.

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### Absolute Maximum Ratings / General Informations

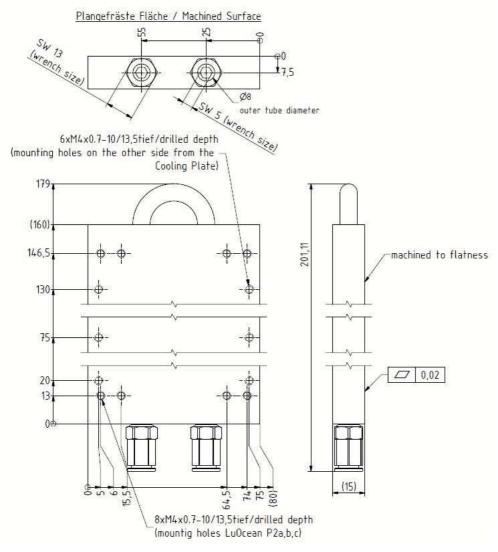
Parameter					
Storage temperature	T <sub>max</sub>	0	+50	°C	
Operating temp.* c.woperation **	T <sub>op c.w.</sub>	+15	+35	°C	
Humidity / non condensing atmosphe	90	%			
Recommended thermal heatsink resis	0.03	K/W			
Max fiber flange temperature	45	°C			
Max. back reflection of intrinsic pum	10	%			
Max. back reflection any other than 7	10	μJ			
Compliance	pliance CE, ROHS				
Standard Accessories					
Interface connector		13w3 Fema	ale		
Mounting screws / metric	metric 8 x M4 x 1			mm	
Remarks					

\* taken at internal temperature sensor

\*\* we recommend to operate the laser above dew point

#### Option: P2 water cooling base plate wih quick release water connectors and thermal resistance of 0.03 K/W.

Please note : Avoid to remove the water cooling plate from the P2 laser module because the optics is aligned with the water cooling plate attached to the P2 module. If it is removed the housing might relax mechanically which move the fiber coupling port/nose away from the focused light spot. Never change to a water cooling with a lower specifications regarding flatness



### **User Safety**





Important Note Read and carefully follow operating manual instructions. Especially, whenever power supply is switched on or off, always disconnect from laser module. See manual for details. Uncontrolled on / off switching may cause spikes and result in fatal device damage. This product is not certified by with IEC 60825-1 or 21CFR1040.10/ 21CFR1040.11 and and must comply with the applicable regulations by the Purchaser if sold as laser product.

### We manufacture diode lasers.